# Principles of Relative Dating <br> (use pages 338-343 in the FUSION text) 

FOCUS QUESTION:
How do scientists measure the age of rocks?
$\checkmark$ ANSWER: One way scientists measure the age of rocks is through relative dating.

Describe RELATIVE DATING:


| CONCEPT | DESCRIPTION/DETAILS | DRAWING OR IMAGE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| superposition |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

How are sedimentary rock layers disturbed?

1. Forces within Earth such as $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ and
$\qquad$ can disturb rock layers so much that they place $\qquad$
layers on top of $\qquad$ layers.
2. $\qquad$ can cause rock layers to $\qquad$ altogether. This leaves
$\qquad$ in the $\qquad$ .

| Disturbed by Forces Within Earth: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CONCEPT | DESCRIPTION/DETAILS | DRAWING OR IMAGE |  |
| tilting |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Disturbed by Unconformities $\checkmark$ An unconformity is:

| CONCEPT | DESCRIPTION/DETAILS | DRAWING OR IMAGE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| nonconformity |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| disconformity |  |  |

How are rock layers ordered?

1. Often, rock-layer sequences are affected by $\qquad$ than
$\qquad$ . Determining the order of $\qquad$ the led
to the $\qquad$
$\qquad$ of layers is like piecing together a
cross-cutting relationships -.

|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| cross-cutting <br> relationships |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

is Other ideas (not found in this text):

| original <br> horizontality |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| continuity |  |  |
| cateral |  |  |$\quad$|  |
| :--- |


| inclusion |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| faunal |  |  |
| succession |  |  |
| contact |  |  |
| metamorphism |  |  |

